

## Marine iguana

Scientific name: Amblyrhynchus cristatus

The marine iguana is a large reptile distributed in the Galapagos Islands, a part of Ecuador, South America. Its body reaches 120 to 150 cm in length. It feeds mainly on seaweed, meaning it is suited to the ocean, a trait which makes the marine iguana unique from other lizards. A marine iguana will bask in the sun for a long time to raise its body temperature enough, before entering the sea. Its laterally flattened tail is well-suited to swimming, and it has glands near its nose to expel excess salt ingested from the sea water. On its head are rough bumps, and on its neck and back is a row of spine-like scales, known as a crest. All four of its legs feature sharp claws, which have evolved to allow the marine iguana to cling firmly to rocks in the ocean and feed on the marine plants, even in the rapid currents found around the Galapagos Islands.

## Assembly Instructions

- 1: Carefully cut out all the pieces.
- 2: Make mountain folds and valley folds along the dotted lines, as indicated.
- 3: Attach the pieces together in order of the numbers on the glue spots, and assemble the parts.
- Parts sheet: 10 pages
- Number of parts: Iguana 30 parts, Rock 3 parts
- Assembly Instructions: 7 pages

Notation Key Mountain fold Make a mountain fold. Valley fold Make a valley fold. Scissors line Cut along the line.



Tools and Materials

Trace along the folds with a used pen (no-ink) to get a sharp, easier fold.



Scissors, set square, glue Before gluing, crease the (such as woodwork glue), paper along mountain fold metal rod, spatula, a used and valley fold lines and make pen, toothpicks, tweezers sure rouned sections are nice (useful for handling small and stiff. parts).



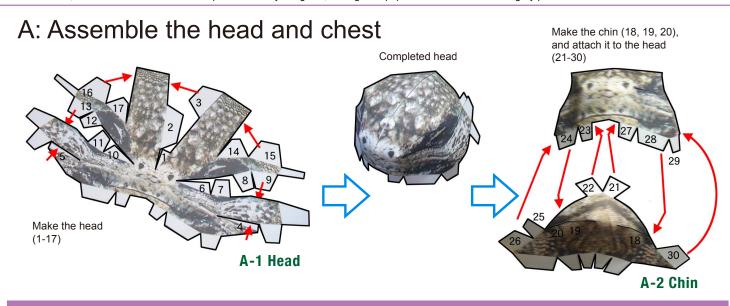
Assembly Tip

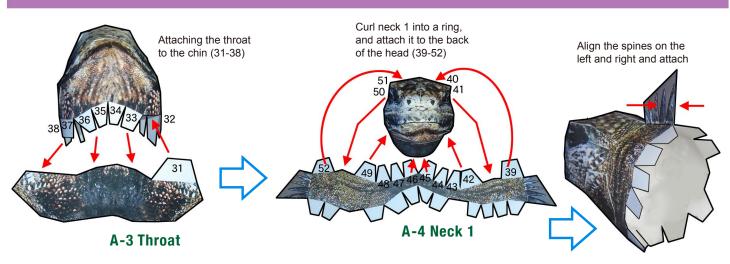
This craft requires the use of alue, scissors, tweezers, and other tools which may be dangerous to young children. Please keep them out of reach of children while you work.

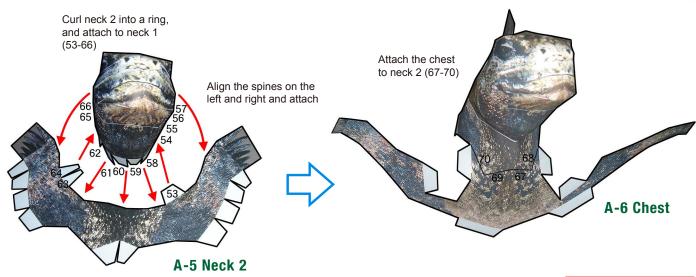
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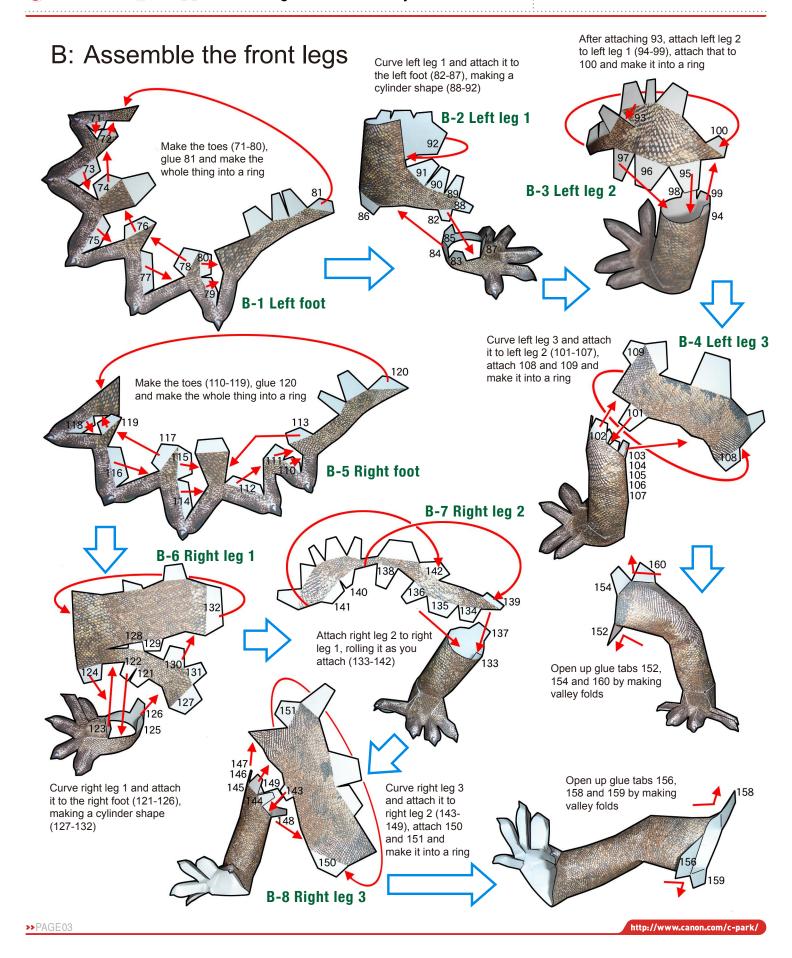
Before you begin: For the spines on the iguana's back, the assembly instructions direct you to cut away the unnecessary gray pieces at the end. This is the most efficient method, but it can be difficult to cut the parts after they are glued, so beginner paper crafters should cut the gray parts in advance.





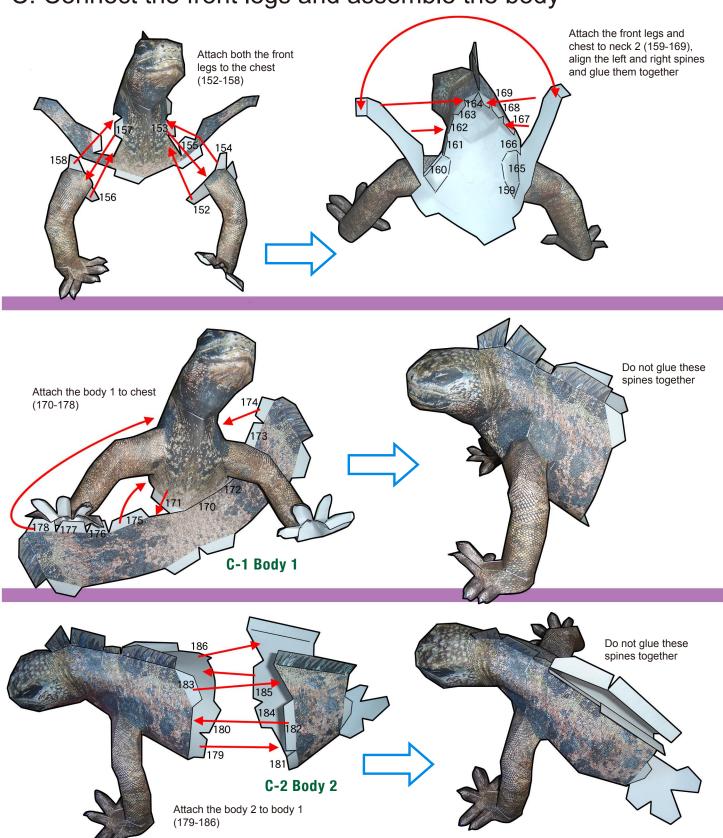








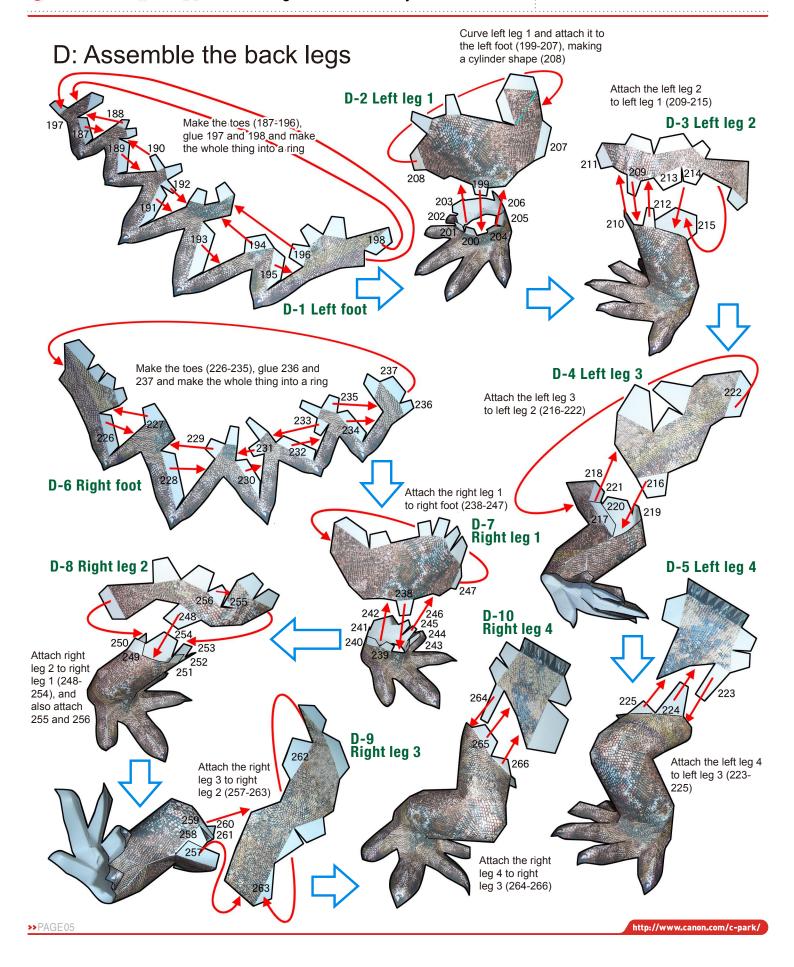
## C: Connect the front legs and assemble the body



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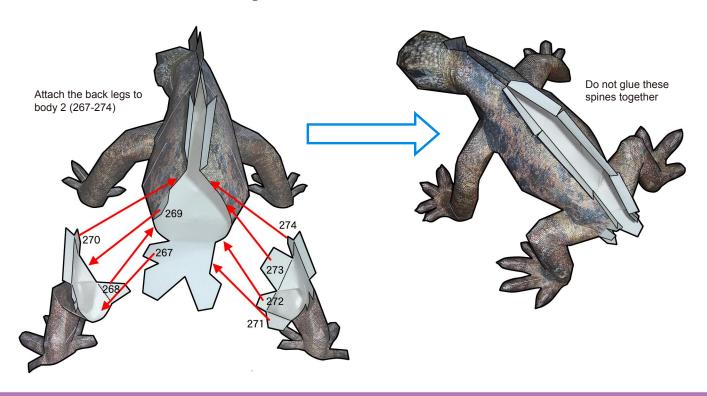


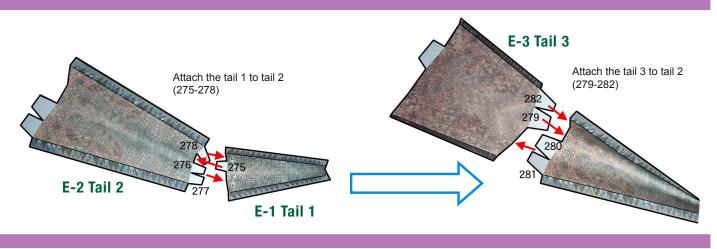


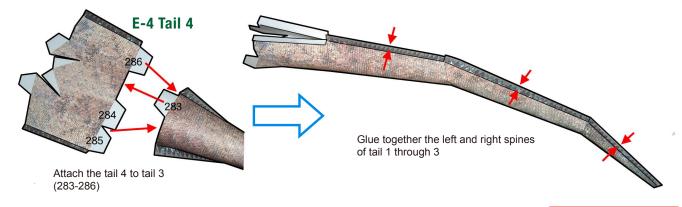




## E: Connect the back legs and assemble the tail







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